



Estonian Aviation Academy

STUDENT GUIDE



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About Estonian Aviation Academy

Estonian Aviation Academy is a state-owned **professional higher education institution** educating and training specialists for Estonian aviation enterprises and organisations. By today the education institution founded as Tartu Aviation College in 1993 and renamed Estonian Aviation Academy in 2008 has become a successful Estonian higher education institution in the study process of which the standards of Estonian higher education and those of international aviation are applied. The language of instruction at Estonian Aviation Academy is **Estonian**.



The studies are carried out **at the first level of higher education** and **at the vocational level**. The **continuation education courses** for working specialists are provided to meet the needs of aviation enterprises.

One of the characteristic features of Estonian Aviation Academy is that teaching and training is carried out by experienced specialists from Estonian and foreign aviation enterprises and by the lecturers from other higher education institutions working on the contract basis.

This helps to maintain the stable high quality of education and training and its compliance with the requirements established by the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) and the European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), which in turn ensures good opportunities in Estonian and European labour market for the Academy's graduates. Specialists are being educated on **four different curricula**:

- **Air Traffic Services (ATS)**
- **Aircraft Piloting (PIL)**
- **Aeronautical Engineering (TECH)**
- **Aviation Management (AM)**

The scope of curricula is **240 ECTS (4 years)**, whereas **1 ECTS = 26 hours** of learning and training.

Curricula consist of **modules** comprising several themes and the graduation thesis or the final examination(s). Practical training constitutes a minimum of 15% of the total volume of studies.

The mission of EAVA

The mission of EAVA as a professional higher education institution is to provide high-quality and efficient education and training in aviation as well as development activities.

Accreditation of the Curricula

One of the principles on which the Academy has based its instruction and study process and followed very consistently since its foundation, is the **quality**. **Firstly** all activities are regulated by Estonian educational acts and **secondly** by international aviation legislation as there are acting following internationally certified training organisations under the Academy:

- **Air Traffic Services Training Organisation (ATSTO);**

- **Approved Training Organisation (ATO);**
- **Maintenance Training Organisation (MTO).**

Training is based on respective manuals and an exposition, including the training of Air Traffic Safety Electronics Personnel (ATSEP) which is about to be classified as a certified speciality.

All curricula are accredited by the **Ministry of Education and Research of Estonia** and additionally by the **Estonian Civil Aviation Administration (ECAA)**. ECAA also checks regularly the quality of instruction and its conformity with international aviation standards.

About Estonia

Official name: Republic of Estonia

National Day: Independence Day, February 24.

Estonia declared its independence on this day in 1918.

NATO member state since 29 March 2004.

EU member state since 1 May 2004.



Geography

- **Area:** 45 227 km²
- **Borders:** total length is 1 450.2 km, with a sea border of 768.6 km and a land border of 681.6 km.
- **Climate:** humid-temperate. Averages, daytime: **-2,0°C in winter.. +19.4°C in summer (EMHI)**

Climate data for Tartu (Tõravere) 1981–2010													[hide]
Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Record high °C (°F)	9.7 (49.5)	10.4 (50.7)	18.4 (65.1)	27.3 (81.1)	30.1 (86.2)	31.1 (88)	34.2 (93.6)	35.1 (95.2)	30.2 (86.4)	21.5 (70.7)	13.6 (56.5)	12.5 (54.5)	35.1 (95.2)
Average high °C (°F)	-2.1 (28.2)	-2.2 (28)	2.7 (36.9)	10.6 (51.1)	17.0 (62.6)	20.1 (68.2)	22.7 (72.9)	21.2 (70.2)	15.4 (59.7)	9.2 (48.6)	2.5 (36.5)	-1 (30)	9.7 (49.5)
Daily mean °C (°F)	-4.6 (23.7)	-5.3 (22.5)	-1.0 (30.2)	5.5 (41.9)	11.5 (52.7)	15.0 (59)	17.6 (63.7)	16.2 (61.2)	11.0 (51.8)	6.1 (43)	0.3 (32.5)	-3.3 (26.1)	5.8 (42.4)
Average low °C (°F)	-7.1 (19.2)	-8.2 (17.2)	-4.3 (24.3)	1.1 (34)	6.0 (42.8)	9.7 (49.5)	12.5 (54.5)	11.7 (53.1)	7.4 (45.3)	3.5 (38.3)	-1.5 (29.3)	-5.6 (21.9)	2.1 (35.8)
Record low °C (°F)	-36.4 (-31.7)	-36.8 (-32.4)	-25.9 (-14.6)	-11.4 (11.5)	-5.9 (21.4)	0.1 (32.2)	3.1 (37.6)	2.0 (35.6)	-4.3 (24.3)	-13.8 (7.2)	-20.8 (-5.4)	-32.2 (-26)	-36.8 (-32.4)
Average precipitation mm (inches)	48 (1.89)	35 (1.38)	28 (1.1)	30 (1.18)	55 (2.17)	84 (3.31)	72 (2.83)	86 (3.39)	61 (2.4)	69 (2.72)	53 (2.09)	49 (1.93)	680 (26.77)
Average relative humidity (%)	88	85	79	69	66	72	74	78	83	86	89	89	80
Mean monthly sunshine hours	31.5	63.6	127.3	183.3	257.0	251.1	268.6	219.9	135.8	81.5	31.3	24.3	1,675.8

Source: Estonian Weather Service^{[14][15][16][17]}

- **Number of islands: 1 521. Largest islands are Saaremaa, Hiiumaa and Muhu.**
- **Estonia is a green land: forests cover approximately 50% of the country.**
- Highest point: **Suur Munamägi (Great Egg Hill), 318 m.**

Population

- **Population:** 1,3 million (Source: Statistics Estonia, 16.01.2018).
- **Population density:** 29 inhabitants per 1 km²
- **The birth and mortality rates:** 13 520 births VS 15 480 (Source: Statistics Estonia, 16.01.2018).
- **Largest ethnic groups:** Estonians (69%), Russians (25%), Belarussians (2%), Ukrainians (1%) and Finns (0,6%) (Source: Population Register, 09.06.2017).

Main Cities

The **capital** of Estonia is **Tallinn** (450,000 inhabitants)

Other largest cities and population:

Tartu – 99,000

Narva – 59, 000

Pärnu – 52,000

Currency and tax system

From 2011 the currency in Estonia is **euro**

- **Income tax rate: 20%**. Income of the year – up to 500 EUR/month and up to 6000 EUR/year is not a subject of income tax. Tax-free amount as basic exemption applies to all kinds of income together.
- **Value added tax (VAT) rate: 20%** of the taxable value of a good or service.



Education

The Estonian educational structure divides into **four levels**. **Preschool education** is provided at kindergartens/other childcare institutions. **Primary education** (grades 1-6), as well as basic education (grades 7-9), is compulsory in Estonia. **Secondary education** (grades 10-12) may be completed in general secondary education school or at a secondary vocational school. Students have several options at the **higher education level**: professional higher education or academic higher education.

Local time

Eastern European Standard Time (EET) is 2 hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time (**GMT+2**).

Language



The official language in Estonia is **Estonian** which belongs to the Finno-Ugric language family and is closely related to Finnish. English, Russian and German are also widely spoken and understood.

Religion

Lutheran church has played the leading role in Estonia. Other active confessions are Greek Orthodox, Russian Orthodox, Baptist, Methodist and Roman Catholic. According to different studies 16% of Estonians state that religion is important in their daily life (Wikipedia).

State

- **Type:** parliamentary democracy.
- **Head of the State:** the President, elected by the parliament or an electoral body for 5 years. Current President: **Mrs. Kersti Kaljulaid**, elected for a first term by the Parliament on October 03, 2016. The President has mainly representative functions, although having a number of executive powers. The President may veto a parliamentary bill and have it sent back for revision, and its signature is required when appointing the Ministers of the Government. The President is also empowered to present the parliament with the names of several higher officials. The President is also the supreme commander of the armed forces.
- **National legislature:** the *Riigikogu* – an unicameral parliament of 101 members. Term: 4 years. Next elections for the 14th *Riigikogu*: March 2019.
- The **executive power: Government** that is led by the Prime Minister (currently Mr. Jüri Ratas from Estonian Centre Party). The parliament is empowered to appoint and recall the Prime Minister. As a counterweight, the Government can dismiss the parliament, with the consent of the President, and call new elections if the parliament expresses no confidence in the Government.
- **Highest judicial power:** Supreme Court. The court system is divided into three levels: courts of first instance (county and city courts and administrative courts), courts of appeal (circuit courts) and the Supreme Court, which also functions as a constitutional court.
- The Estonian legal system is subject to international law as well as European Union law. Consequently, general principles and norms of international law and directly applicable rules of European Union law form an integral part of national legal system.



Other institutions

The Constitution provides for a **national bank**, independent of the Government, which operates as the bank of issue. It also provides for the office of the **Chancellor of Justice** whose task is also to be **Ombudsman**. The third office is that of the office of the **Auditor General**. The Governor of the central bank *Eesti Pank*, the Chancellor of Justice and the Auditor General are appointed by the parliament at the proposal of the President, but in their functioning they are independent government officials and cannot be dismissed by the parliament before serving a full term.

The Constitution provides for two further types of government with a large degree of autonomy – **local governments** and **cultural self-governments** of ethnic minorities.

Administrative division: 15 counties, 15 cities and 64 rural municipalities.



Electoral systems: proportional representation. The right to vote for Parliament candidates includes every Estonian citizen who has attained 18 years of age by the day of the elections with the exception of those who have been divested of their legal competence by a court. All permanent residents over 16 years old, regardless of citizenship are eligible to vote in municipal elections.

About Tartu city

Tartu is the second largest city of Estonia. In contrast to Estonia's political capital Tallinn, Tartu is considered as intellectual hub, especially since it is home to Estonia's oldest university.



Situated 186 km southeast of Tallinn, the city is the centre of southern Estonia. The river Emajõgi, which connects the two largest lakes of Estonia, crosses Tartu. The city is served by Tartu Airport.

Historical names of the town include **Tarbatu** an Estonian fortress founded in the 5th century, **Yuryev** (Юрьев) named c. 1030 by Yaroslav I the Wise, and **Dorpat** as first known by the German crusaders in the 13th century.



The city is well-known for being home to the University of Tartu, founded under King Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden in 1632. Mainly for this reason, Tartu is also – tongue-in-cheek – known as "Athens of the Emajõgi" or as "Heidelberg of the North".



Tartu is also the seat of the Estonian University of Life Sciences, the Baltic Defence College, **Estonian Aviation Academy** and the Estonian Ministry of Education and Research.

Other notable institutions include the Supreme Court of Estonia, the Estonian Historical Archives, Estonian National Museum as well as the oldest and theatre in the country – Vanemuine Theatre.

Telecommunication and important numbers

- **Calling in Estonia:** Estonian country code is **372**. It is not necessary for calls inside the country.
- **International calling:** dial 00, **specific** country code and local no.
- **Calling from abroad to Estonia:** dial 00, country code 372 and a local number.
- The easiest way is to use a **prepaid SIM card** as then there is no need to make a contract. You can buy the SIM card at shops and kiosks. Main mobile operators: **Telia** (office in Kaubamaja shopping centre), **Elisa** (offices in Kaubamaja and Tasku shopping centre) and **Tele 2** (office in Kaubamaja shopping centre).
- If you want to make a contract with a local mobile operator, be aware that calls are billed on a monthly cycle. Payments can be made in Internet or in an offices.



Emergency calls

112

Customs info

880 0814

Bus station

12550

City transport

17787

Airport

+ 372 7 309 210

Trains

1447

Estonian Information Centre

1181

Information of the city government **+ 372 7 361 101**

Local transport

Bus transport

Information about bus traffic in Tartu city: <https://tartu.pilet.ee/> There are two options for buying tickets:

- 1) regular paper tickets for single travel
- 2) Tartu Bus Card

Buses to Estonian Aviation Academy departure from the **Tartu bus station** and the right stop for you is "**Lennujaam**" (**Ülenurme**). The travel takes about 25 minutes.

See the timetable on web address <http://www.tpilet.ee/> or http://peatus.ee/#route_search

Information about travelling around Estonia is also on web address <http://www.tpilet.ee/>

Taxi transport

Taxi company	Contact number	Start fee	Km fee
Tudengi Takso	+372 1300	2,90 euros	0,65 euros/km
Elektri Takso	+372 1918	2,60 euros	0,60 euros/km
Tartu Linna Takso	+372 4555 555	2,80 euros	0,55 euros/km
Minu Takso	+372 7 333 333	2,50 euros	0,55 euros/km



Elektri Takso, Minu Takso and Tudengi Takso have joined with taxify



Railway Transport



If you wish to visit Tallinn, Valga, Elva, Põlva, Jõgeva or Koidula, you can choose the bus or train transport. On the route Tartu-Jõgeva-Tallinn Elron trains have a first and second class system. All trains include free WiFi, WC-s, tables and electricity sets.

Information about prices, ticket purchasing options and schedule can be found on web page: <http://elron.ee/>

Air Traffic Transport



At the moment there are regular flights from Tartu to Helsinki. Finnair runs regular flights between Helsinki and Tartu depending on a seasonal schedule. Flight time: **50 min**. Further information about prices and schedules:

<http://www.finnair.com/>

<http://www.tartu-airport.ee/eng>

Banking and currency exchange

There are several banks between which you can choose to open your bank account or use any other bank-related services. Current account can be opened in Euros or in foreign currency.

Opening a personal current account is **free of charge**. Mostly you can open an account without any initial deposit. To open a bank account, go to any branch of a bank. It is required to submit:

- A valid ID with a photo (for example a passport);
- A document that proves your student status at the hosting institution (student card or confirmation of studies - will be issued by me).

SEB Pank www.seb.ee

Swedbank www.swedbank.ee

Luminor <https://www.luminor.ee/>

Nordea www.nordea.ee

Current account can be open in Euros or in a foreign currency. Certainly pay an attention to the service fees (available on bank web site). Be prepared that opening an account can take 5-7 days.

Debit cards – issuing a debit card is usually free of charge, but there might be small monthly fees for using the card. Debit card enables you to pay and withdraw cash from ATMs in Estonia and abroad. There is a special student card **ISIC** (from SEB and Swedbank), which gives several discounts in addition.

Money transfers from abroad – one way is to make an international payment order at the bank. For doing it the following information is required: recipient's name and address, recipient's account number and bank data (address, SWIFT or IBAN code). To make a transfer in Estonia the easiest way is online banking in Internet (can be done in English also). For instance payments for the dormitory can be made online. You just need to login to your bank account and insert the transfer. For login the Estonian ID card, Mobile ID or PIN calculator (given by bank) is necessary.

Options for currency exchange in Tartu city centre:

Exchange office	Address	Open
Swedbank	Turu 1 (Dorpat Shopping Centre)	Mon-Fri 9-17
SEB	Ülikooli 2	Mon-Fri 9-17
Monex	Riia 1 (Kaubamaja Shopping Centre)	Mon-Sat 9-21, Sun 10-19

Health and Insurance

All students entering Estonia **are strongly recommended** to arrange their own health insurance for the exchange study period before leaving their home. Travel insurance that includes also accident insurance and hospital care is very advisable.

Health Insurance

- EU/EEA citizens are entitled to the same social welfare benefits in Estonia as Estonian residents. Therefore, students from EU/EEA countries should obtain an **EU health insurance card (EHIC)** (<http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?catId=559>) from the social service authorities in their home

country before arriving in Estonia. To be eligible for an EHIC, you must be insured by a state social security system in any member state of the EU/EEA countries.

- You can obtain **Student insurance**: http://www.kindlustusest.ee/pages/show/student_insurance
- Students from Non-EU/EEA countries have to obtain internationally valid private health insurance. It is recommended to make an insurance contract in your country. But it is possible to do it also in Estonia. Some opportunities:

ERGO www.ergo.ee

KindlustusEst www.kindlustusest.ee

AON Student Insurance www.aonstudentinsurance.com

Health insurance is necessary if the Non-EU/EEA citizen is applying for the **temporary residence permit for study in Estonia** (<http://www.politsei.ee/en/teenused/residence-permit/temporary-residence-permit/for-study/>)!

Whatever insurance you are using, consider the possibility to cover your medical costs by yourself at first. In case you pay for medical services by yourself, keep all the cost documents and apply for refund from your insurance provider according to the provider's procedures!

Health Care

- One can reach an ambulance on **112** from all over Estonia.
- 24h medical telephone counselling 1220.
- Emergency medical service and **accident ward** (*Erakorraline Meditsiin, "EMO"*) - The accident ward and the emergency medical service unit have opening hours round the clock and one may seek help from them especially at weekends and at night time when family practitioners are off duty (you do not need to make an appointment for that). You can find both the emergency medical care unit and the accident ward from L. Puusepa 8, Tartu. Tel: + 372 731 81 83.

Health care, Dentists and Pharmacies:

All insured people should choose a family practitioner, who is the first contact point in case of illness. The family practitioner treats minor illnesses, can make home visits and gives referrals to visit a medical specialist. No referral is needed to visit a psychiatrist, gynaecologist, dermatovenerologist, ophthalmologist, dentist, pulmonologist (for tuberculosis treatment), infection specialist (for HIV/AIDS treatment), surgeon or orthopaedist (for traumatology).

For more information on family practitioners, see the website of Estonian Health Insurance Fund. The list of family practitioners in Tartu is available on the city of Tartu's website (in Estonian). Visit Health Board (in Estonian) page to see if the family practitioner has free places for new patients. As the information is in Estonia, ask your tutor's help when choosing and signing up with a family practitioner. In case the doctor does not speak English, you could try asking your tutor to come with you. Do not forget to take your EHIC or private health insurance documents with you.

- **English speaking family practitioners in Tartu:**

Doctor Liina Kask-Fligt
Family Physicians of the City centre of Tartu
Address: Gildi 8, Tel. +372 744 1372



Ülikooli Perearstikeskus (Family Physicians of the UT)
Address: Puusepa 1a, 1st floor, rooms 1171, 1170, 1182, 1167
Tel. +372 731 9268

Doctor Tiiu Tootsi
Address: Puusepa 1a, 3rd floor, rooms 3011 and 3012
Tel. +372 7455187
E-mail: info@perearstiiuutootsi.ee
Homepage: perearstiiuutootsi.ee (in Estonian)

As the practitioners serve people according to the registration, if you need to visit a family practitioner, please ask for your Estonian friend to call beforehand and make an appointment. You must pay for the health services, provided by the family practitioner, yourself. Keep all the cost documents and referrals and apply for compensation from your insurance provider.

Visit costs approx. 20 EUR, plus fees of other procedures done by the practitioner.

- There is also 24-hour medical telephone counselling, tel: **1220**. The service is guaranteed in Estonian and Russian. If using foreign mobile network operator, please dial +372 634 6630 for medical counselling.
- Ambulance service (kiirabi) - Ambulance service is free of charge in case of emergency or unavoidable medical aid. You can reach ambulance on **112** (free line) from all over Estonia.

Pharmacies (apteek) – Pharmacists can assist with simple medical problems. Even though, most of the drugs are issued upon a medical prescription written by a doctor, some of the painkillers, antacids, ointments, and other simple drugs could be obtained without one. There are several pharmacies around town, but you will most likely find one in any of the big shopping centres.

Tartu Raeapteek (in the town hall building) is open 24 hours!

Dentists (hambaarst) – For adults, dental care is not free. Usual visit may cost from 30 EUR upwards depending on the given problem.

Maxilla Hambakliinik <http://www.maxilla.ee/en/>
CityDental Hambakliinik <https://www.citydental.ee/>
E-Hambaravi <http://www.ehambaravi.ee/>

If you have any problems using your EHIC card in Estonian ask for information and advice from your insurance provider or the Estonian Health Insurance Fund by calling their information line 16363. If you have private health insurance, ask information from provider.

Sporting opportunities

There are several possibilities for sporting. If you are interested in training in gym, you can use academy's gym. Opening times:

Monday, Wednesday, Friday: 09.00 AM – 21.00 PM

Tuesday, Thursday: 09.00 AM – 16.00 PM

Sport Clubs

[University of Tartu Fitness Club](#) (monthly fee 42 euros)

[My Fitness Sport Club](#) (monthly fee 48 euros)

[Aura Swimming Pool](#) (3-5 euros depending on day and time)

From [Tähtvere Puhkepark](#) you can rent rollerblades, roller skis, skates, skis, Trikkes and Nordic walking equipment.

[FunBowling](#) (information in Estonian only)

[Ihaste Riding and Recreation Centre](#) (horse riding, information in Estonian only)

[A. Le Coq Sports Hall](#) (badminton courts, gym, running track, stadium; information in Estonian only)

[Tamme Tennis Hall](#) (information in Estonian only)

[Tähtvere Tennis Centre](#) (information in Estonian only)

[Tähtvere Dance Centre](#) (information in Estonian only)



Shopping in Tartu

Food, drinks and other daily goods

For buying food, drinks and other daily goods, the most easiest and comfortable places to visit are supermarkets. The main supermarkets are:

Selver (<http://selver.eu/kauplused/>)

Rimi (<http://www.rimi.ee/kauplused/rimi-hypermarketid/>)

Prisma (<https://www.prismamarket.ee/et/kontaktid/tartu-sobra-prisma>)

Konsum (<http://www2.etk.ee/et/kauplused/konsumid>)

There are also two types of markets in Tartu:

- **Market hall** (Vabaduse pst 1, next to Kaubamaja) is open Mon-Fri 7:30-17, Sat 7:30-16, Sun 7:30-15.) and
- **Open market** (Soola 10, next to the bus station) is open Mon-Fri 7-17, Sat 7-16 and Sun 7-15. Open market is closed during the winter time.



Clothing



Kaubamaja <http://www.kaubamaja.ee/en>
Kvartal <http://www.kvartal.com.ee/>
Tasku <http://tasku.ee/index.php?page=3&>
Lõunakeskus <http://www.lounakeskus.com/en>
Eeden <http://www.eeden.ee/?lang=eng>
Zeppelin <http://www.zeppelin.ee/>

Cinemas

Ekraan – prices are better, but cinema is elder (1,3 km from Raatuse)

Cinamon – in a Tasku Shopping Center



Eating – the most popular places

Cafe Werner <http://www.werner.ee/> Ülikooli 11, Tartu

La Dolce Vita <http://www.ladolcevita.ee/> Kompanii 10, Tartu

Opera Pizza <http://www.operapizza.ee/> Vanemuise 26, Tartu

Crepp www.crepp.ee Rütli 16, Tartu.

Püssirohukelder <http://www.pyss.ee/> Lossi 28, Tartu

Suudlevad Tudengid <http://suudlevadtudengid.ee/> Raekoja plats 10, Tartu

Cafe Truffe <http://www.truffe.ee/> Raekoja plats 16, Tartu



Traditional **Estonian cuisine** has substantially been based on meat and potatoes, and on fish in coastal and lakeside areas, but is influenced by many other cuisines by now. In the present day, it includes a variety of international foods and dishes, with a number of contributions from the traditions of nearby countries. **Scandinavian, German, Russian** and other influences have played their part. The most typical foods in Estonia have been rye bread, pork, potatoes etc. Estonian eating habits have historically been closely linked to the

seasons. In terms of staples, Estonia belongs firmly to the beer, vodka, rye bread and pork "belt" of Europe.

Erasmus Student Network



Erasmus Student Network organizes the visiting students' cultural and social life. There are students from all Tartu's universities and colleges. You can contact them by yourself or through Erasmus coordinator.

In the beginning of semester they usually organize a welcome party and after that, during the semester, different get-togethers, movie nights, sport activities etc. More information: <http://www.esn.ee/tartu/>

Cost of living (average prices in January, 2018)

Good/service	Quantity	Average cost (in euros)
Family physician	First / following	25.00/20.00
Dentist visit (average)	1 filling	50.00 – 70.00
Eggs	Box (12 eggs)	1.22
Apples	1 kg	1.50
Potatoes	1 kg	0.39
Tomatoes	1 kg	1.72
Milk	1 litre	0.61
Water	1.5 litre	0.69
Loaf of white bread	0.5 kg	0.74
Chicken breasts (boneless)	1 kg	5.35
Cinema (depends on day and time)	1 ticket	4.40 - 8.50
Theatre	1 ticket	15.00 – 40.00
Cappuccino	1 regular cup	2.30
Petrol 95	1 litre	1.35
Daily specials in pubs and cafes		3.50 – 5.00
Meal, Inexpensive Restaurant		7.00
Bottle of Domestic beer (0,5l)		1.14

The cost of living in Tartu is averagely 300-500 euros/month, not including accommodation. Accommodation prices range from 100 euros/place in a double room in the residence hall to 180–450 euros or more for a private flat.

Dictionary “English – Estonian”

Hello	Tere	Monday	Esmaspäev
Welcome	Tere tulemast	Tuesday	Teisipäev
Good Morning	Tere hommikust	Wednesday	Kolmapäev
Good Evening	Tere õhtust	Thursday	Neljapäev
Good bye	Nägemist	Friday	Reede
My name is..	Minu nimi on..	Saturday	Laupäev
How are you?	Kuidas läheb?	Sunday	Pühapäev
Thanks, fine	Tänan, hästi	Spring	Kevad
Thank you/thanks	Aitäh/tänan	Summer	Suvi
Pardon/Sorry	Vabandust	Autumn	Sügis
Yes	Jah	Winter	Talv
No	Ei		
Please	Palun		
I would like to..	Ma soovin		
What’s the time?	Mis kell on?		
Where is bus station?	Kus on bussijaam?		
Where is theatre?	Kus on teater?		
Where is cinema?	Kus on kino?		
Where are the toilets?	Kus on WC-d?		
Please guide me	Palun juhatage mind		

