

Shore Power in Europe:

Status and Lessons Learned

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AGENDA

1. SHORELINK IN BRIEF

2. DEFINING ONSHORE POWER SUPPLY (**OPS**)

3. INDUSTRY STATUS AND CHALLENGES

SHORELINK

- A technology company providing tailored shore power and shore charging solutions
- Headquarters in Tallinn, Estonia
- Production facility near Tallinn, Estonia
- Founded in **2019**

SHORELINK

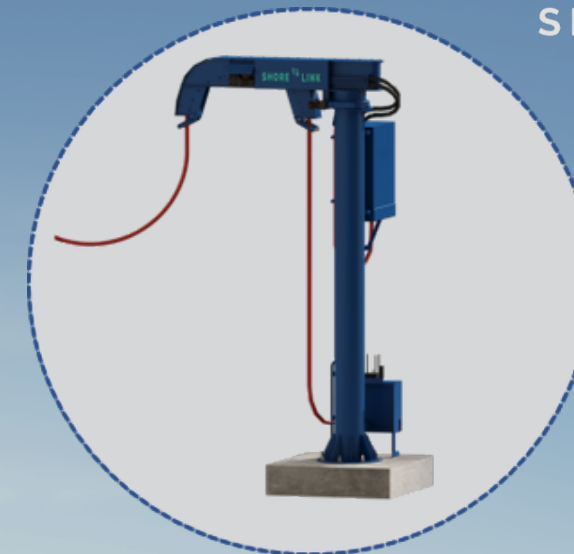
- Major projects internationally in the segments of:
 - Cruise
 - RoRo / Ro Pax
 - Service vessels and bulk carriers
 - Special vessel

Representation in **France, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Greece and India.**

www.tallink.com

DEFINING ONSHORE POWER SUPPLY (OPS)

- Also known as Alternative Maritime Power (AMP)
- While in port, ships use their Auxiliary Engines to produce electricity
- OPS allows the ships to shut down their engines while berthed
- Ship's power load is transferred to the onshore power supply without disruption to onboard services



SHORELINK

Port of Tallinn

- Project in Tallinn's Old City Harbour completed and taken into use in 2020
- Cable management systems for RoPax and passenger vessels
- Six connection points at six different berths
- Estimated reduction of around 120 tons of CO2 per month

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Dispenser type CMS
References: Port of
Tallinn





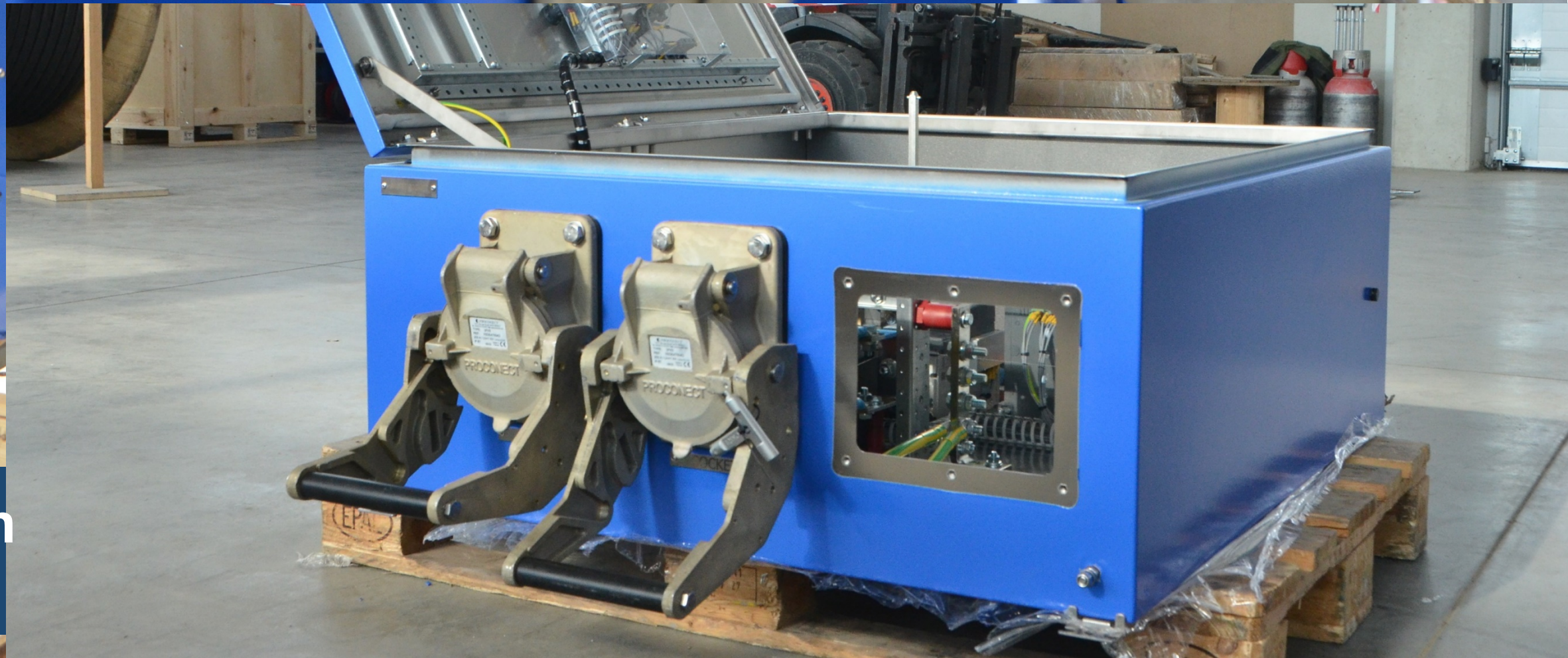
Dispenser type CMS
References: Port of
Rotterdam



Cable-reel type CMS

References: Abu

Dhabi



Vessel and Shore – side Connection Cabinet

SHORE POWER USAGE FOR VESSELS AND PORTS

- Sustainability - Protecting the Marina
- Reduced noise pollution
- Increasing lifetime of engines
- Business case for the ports
- Improving working conditions
- Following the rules and regulations

EMISSION REDUCTION IN NUMBERS

- Potentially:
 - 60% for the CO₂
 - 60% for the SO₂
 - 70% for the NO_x and Black Carbon (BC)
- Total greenhouse emission reduction of around 70% in the port

INDUSTRY STATUS – Rules and Regulations

➤ By 2025

- OPS shall be installed as a priority for ports of the TEN-T Core Network, unless there is no demand, and it is not feasible.

➤ By 2030

- Ships must use OPS or other zero emission technology above 5.000 GT travelling to, from or at berth in ports in the EU. (exempt is naval, fishing and ships with non-mechanical propulsion)
 - Port calls not considered: port calls under 2 hours, unscheduled calls for reasons of safety or saving life at sea.
 - Exemption for islands not connected to the grid.

INDUSTRY STATUS

Cruise

- ✓ **Around 65 ports are listed within the TEN-T network as having HV OPS systems:**
 - 329 ports in the TEN-T network
 - Over 1,200 major and minor ports in Europe
- ✓ **According to CE (Cruise Europe) and industry leaders in technology:**
 - Over 40% of global cruise fleet is equipped to use OPS
 - The ports are extremely behind
- ✓ **According to Active OPS database by CE:**
 - 23 ports from 10 European countries listed as being OPS ready, or to be within the next 5 years
 - Baltic-Adriatic and Scandinavian-Mediterranean Corridors dominating the list



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CMS for cruise ships
References: Port of
Stockholm



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CMS for cruise ships
References: Port of
Stockholm



CMS for cruise ships

References: Port of

Alesund

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CMS for cruise ships
References: Port of
Aarhus

INDUSTRY STATUS - Challenges

Based on actual projects

- Project design/Plan not up to par
 - Technical uncertainty
- Underestimating critical components of the OPS system

CHALLENGES

Design project not up to par

- Outdated specifications
- Outdated financial figures
- Heavy technical and commercial influence of a specific service /
product supplier

CHALLENGES

Technical uncertainty

- Lack of critical details in the documentation
- Lack of responsiveness and communication
 - Under budgeting
 - Over dimensioning
- No involvement of the vessel-side

LESSONS LEARNED

Underestimation of critical components of the OPS system

Cable Management System (CMS)

- Uncertainty of the type
- Underestimating financially
- Underestimating technically
- Basing requirements heavily on an existing installation elsewhere
- Underestimating how much the volume of civil works depends on the type of CMS

CONCLUSIONS

- Despite slow pace and largely unfulfilled market, the knowledge and know-how is there
- References for both, well and badly executed projects are there
 - Mistakes can be avoided thanks to numerous examples
- Implementing OPS is not technically complicated

NOW IS THE TIME TO ACT!

Thank You for Your Attention!

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